DIT UNIVERSITY Dehradun



Detailed Course Structure

of

MSc (Physics)

Course Structure

Year: 1st

Semester: I

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
CC	PY606	Mathematical Physics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY607	Classical Mechanics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY635	Quantum Mechanics-I	4	0	0	4
CC	PY609	Statistical Mechanics	4	0	0	4
GEC	CS105	Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	4	5
CC	PY616	Physics Lab-1	0	0	6	3
		Total	19	0	10	24

Year: 1st

Semester: II

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
CC	PY637	Condensed Matter Physics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY638	Quantum Mechanics-II	4	0	0	4
CC	PY619	Basic Electronics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY626	Atomic and Molecular Physics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY639	Nuclear and Particle Physics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY628	Physics Lab II	0	0	6	3
		Total	20	0	6	23

Year: 2nd

Semester: III

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
CC	PY708	Physics of Semiconductor Devices	4	0	0	4
CC	PY707	Analog Electronics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY719	Electrodynamics	4	0	0	4
DSE	PY7**	Elective-I	4	0	0	4
CC	PY716	Physics Lab-III	0	0	6	3
PRJT	PY726	Minor Research Project	0	0	4	2
		Total	16	0	10	21

Elective-I

Liccure I		
Physics of Lasers and Applications	PY746	
Science and Technology of Renewable Energy		
Sources	PY747	
Microprocessor and Applications	PY748	
Measurement Techniques in Physics	PY749	
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Year: 2nd

Semester: IV

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit
CC	PY727	Digital Electronics	4	0	0	4
CC	PY728	Nano Electronics	4	0	0	4
DSE	PY7**	Elective-II	4	0	0	4
PJCT	PY718	Major Research Project	0	0	16	8
		Total	12	0	16	20

Elective-II	
Optoelectronics	PY758
Advanced Electronics	PY759
Electronics Instrumentation	PY766
Photonics	PY767

Summary of the Credit

Year	Semester	Max Credit
1	1	24
1	2	23
2	3	21
1 - 2 -	4	20
	Total	88

Category wise classification of the Credit

	Category	Credit	Number of Subjects
CC	Departmental Core Course	65	17
GEC	Generic Elective Course	5	1
DSE	Discipline Specific Elective	8	2
PRJT/THESIS	Project	10	2
Total		88	22

Subject Code	PY 606	Subject Title		Mathematical Physics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1 st	Semester	Ι	

Course Summary

The course covers an introduction to complex variables, partial differentiation, Fourier Series and transforms, special functions and probability and statistics.

Course Objective

The objective of the course on Mathematical Physics-I is to equip the M.Sc. students with the mathematical techniques that he/she would for understanding and handling theoretical treatments in different courses taught in the MSc program and for developing a strong background if he/she chooses to pursue research in physics as a career.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no essential pre-requisite.

Course Outcome:

On completion of the course the student will:

- 1. Understand the use of complex variables for solving definite integral.
- 2. Understand and use the Delta and Gamma functions for describing physical systems
- 3. Solve partial differential equations using boundary value problems
- 4. Understand special functions to solve the physics problems
- 5. Use statistical methods to analysis the experimental data

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Complex Variables: Introduction, Analytic function, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, Cauchy's Integral formula, Laurent expansion, Singularities, Calculus of residues, Evaluation of definite integrals. 8 L

UNIT 2

Partial Differential Equations: Partial differential equations, Separation of variables. One dimensional wave and heat equation, two dimensional heat equation and Laplace equation.

Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms: Fourier series, Dirichlet conditions. General properties. Advantages and applications, Gibbs phenomenon, Fourier transforms, Development of the Fourier integral, Fourier transforms of derivatives. Momentum representation. 12 L

UNIT 3

Special Function: Series Solution, Bessel functions of first and second kind, Generating function, Integral representation and recurrence relations for Bessel's functions of first kind, orthogonality; Legendre functions: generating function, Recurrence relations and special properties, Orthogonality; Legendre polynomials: recurrence relations, Parity and orthogonality, Hermite functions, Laguerre functions. **10** L

UNIT 4

Statistics and Probability: Moments, moment generating functions, skewness, Kurtosis, correlation and regression, binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution. Tensors. Introductory group theory: SU(2), O(3). **10** L

Text books

- 1. Boas M.L. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences, John Wiley & Sons, NewYork (1983).
- 2. Harper C. Analytical Mathematics in Physics, Prentice Hall (1999).

Reference books

- 1. Arfken G. and Weber H.J., Mathematical Methods for Physicists, Academic Press (2005).
- 2. Rajput B. S., Mathematical Physics, Pragati Prakashan (2002).

Subject Code	PY 607	Subject Title	Classi	Classical Mechanics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1^{st}	Semester	Ι

Course Summary

The course covers Newtonian mechanics of one and many particle system, Hamiltonian problems, Central force and rigid body dynamics, and canonical transformations.

Course Objective

The aim and objective of the course on Classical Mechanics is to train the students of M.Sc. in Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalisms of mechanics for applications in the modern branches of physics such as Quantum Mechanics, Quantum Field Theory, Condensed Matter Physics, Astrophysics, etc.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no restricted pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. The concepts of motion of system of particles and associated frames of references
- 2. Use variation principle and generalized coordinates based on degrees of freedom
- 3. Be competent in understanding scattering problems and frame transformations
- 4. Use of canonical transformations for deriving equations
- 5. Develop ideas of small harmonic oscillations applicable to systems of interest

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Newtonian Mechanics of one and many particle system; conservation of linear and angular momentum, work energy theorem, Centre of mass and laboratory coordinates, Galilean transformation, Intertial and non-inertial frames, Rotating frames, Centrifugal and Coriolis forces 10 L

UNIT 2

System of Particles: Constraints, D'Alembert principle, Principle of virtual work, Degree of freedom, generalized coordinate and momenta, Lagrange's equation and application of linear harmonic oscillator, Simple pendulum and central force problems, Cyclic coordinate, Symmetries and conservation laws. Hamiltonian, Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle, Principle of least action derivation of equation of motion; variation and end points 10 L

UNIT 3

Central Force: Reduction of two body problem into single body problem. Definition and characteristics of central force; Closure and stability of circular orbits. General analysis of orbits: bounded and unbounded orbits, Kepler's law of motion, Scattering in centre of mass and laboratory frame of reference, Rutherford scattering. **Rigid Body Dynamics:** Eulerian angle, Inertia tensor, principal moment of inertia. Euler's equation of motion of a rigid body, Force free motion of a symmetrical top. **10** L

UNIT 4

Canonical Transformation: Canonical transformation, Legendre Transformation, Generating functions. Conditions for a transformation to be canonical, Hamilton-Jacobi equation, Hamilton's principle and characteristics functions, Action and action angle variables, Poisson bracket (PBs) and its properties, Angular momentum PBs. Wave Motion: Small oscillations, Normal modes and normal coordinates. Examples: Two coupled pendulum and Vibration of linear triatomic molecule, Dispersion relation. 10 L

Text books

- 1. Gupta K.C., "Classical Mechanics of particles and Rigid Bodies", Wiley Eastern (2001).
- 2. Goldstein H., Classiacal Mechanics, Pearson Education Asia Pte Ltd. House (2002).

Reference books

1. Rana N. C and Joag P S, Classical Mechanics, Tata McGraw-Hill (1991).

Subject Code	PY635	Subject Title	Quant	Quantum Mechanics-I					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	Ι

Course Summary

The course starts with an introduction to quantum mechanics, and it covers operator algebra, solution of Schrodinger wave equation, angular momenta and perturbation theory.

Course Objective

The aim and objective of the course on Quantum Mechanics is to introduce the students of M.Sc. class to the formal structure of the subject and to equip them with the knowledge of quantum mechanics for various applications.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): it is desired that the student have studied modern physics at undergraduate level.

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Understand the need for quantum mechanical formalism and basic principles
- 2. Gain exposure and appreciate the importance and implication of vector spaces, dirac ket bra notations, eigen value problems, generalized uncertainty principle in quantum mechanics.
- 3. Better understanding of the mathematical foundations of angular momentum of a system of particles
- 4. Gain knowledge about Time independent and time dependent perturbation theory

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Introduction: Postulates of Quantum Mechanics and meaning of measurement, Operators and their expectation values, Schrodinger equation, Particle in a box, Orthogonality of eigen functions, Dirac rotations, Hilbert space.

UNIT 2

Matrix Formulation: Matrix formulation of 1-dimensional harmonic oscillator problem; creation and annihilation operators; Equation of motion and classical correspondence, Heisenberg equation of motion, Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Interaction picture, Motion in a one-dimensional periodic potential, Kroning-penny model.

UNIT 3

Motion in a Central Potential: Angular momentum operator, expressions of L^2 and L_z , eigen values and eigen functions of L^2 and L_z , hydrogen atom, solution of radial equation, energy eigen values, eigen functions of H atom, orthogonality of eigen functions, rigid rotator, matrix representation L^2 , L_x , L_y , L_z , generalized angular momentum, generator of rotation and their commutation relations, spin $-\frac{1}{2}$ matrices, coupling of angular momenta, Clebsch-Gordon Coefficients.

UNIT 4

Time-independent Perturbation Theory: Non-degenerate and degenerate perturbation theory, its application to Stark effect, Zeeman effect, spin-orbit coupling, fine structure and to anharmonic oscillator.

UNIT 5

Time-dependent Perturbation Theory: Transition probability, harmonic perturbation, Fermi-golden rule, semiclassical theory of radiation, stimulated emission cross-section.

Approved by the Academic Council in its 22nd Meeting held on 06.03.2023

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Text books

- 1. Mathews P. M. and Venkatesan K, "A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics", Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Thankapan, Quantum Mechanics, New Age Int. Ltd (2004).

Reference books

- 1. Schiff L. I., Quantum Mechanics, McGraw-Hill (2008)
- 2. Ghatak & Loknathan, Quantum Mechanics, MacMillan India Ltd (2004).

Subject Code	PY 609	Subject Title	Statistical Mechanics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	Ι

Course Summary

The course covers classical statistical mechanics and ensemble theory, quantum statistics, Bose and Fermi systems, phase transitions and critical phenomenon

Course Objective

The aim and objective of the course on Statistical Mechanics is to equip the M.Sc. student with the techniques of Ensemble theory so that he/she can use these to understand the macroscopic properties of the matter in bulk in terms of its microscopic constituents and properties.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Understand Equations of state and thermodynamic potentials for elementary systems of particles.
- 2. Gain perspectives of equilibrium and non-equilibrium statistical Physics.
- 3. Describe the features and examples of Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, and Fermi-Dirac statistics
- 4. Work with various models of phase transitions and fluctuations pertaining to thermodynamics
- 5. Describe physical quantities in quantum systems

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Classical Statistical Mechanics and Ensemble Theory: The macro and microstates, contaction between statistics and thermodynamics, classical ideal gas, Gibbs paradox and its solution. Phase space and Liouville's Theorem, The microcanonical ensemble theory and its application to ideal gas of monatomic particles, Partition function, Classical ideal gas in canonical ensemble theory, Energy fluctuations, Equipartition and virial theorems, A system of harmonic oscillators as canonical ensemble, Thermodynamics of magnetic systems and negative temperatures, The grand canonical ensemble and significance of statistical quantities. Classical ideal gas in grand canonical ensemble theory. Density and energy fluctuations.

UNIT 2

Quantum Statistics: Quantum states and phase space, The density matrix, Canonical density matrices for a particle in a box and a linear oscillator, Quantum statistics of various

10 L

ensembles. An ideal gas in quantum mechanical ensembles, statistics of occupation numbers

UNIT 3

Ideal Bose and Fermi Systems: Basic concepts and thermodynamic behavior of an ideal Bose gas, Bose-Einstein condensation, Discussion of gas of photons (the radiation fields) and phonons (The Debye field), Liquid helium and super fluidity.

Thermodynamic behavior of an ideal Fermi gas, Discussion of heat capacity of a free-electron gas at low temperatures, Pauli paramagnetism. 10 L

UNIT 4

Phase Transitions and Critical Phenomenon: Order parameter, Ist and IInd order phase transitions, Ising model in zeroth and first approximation, Critical expoments, thermodynamic inequalities, Landau theory of phase transitions. 10 L

Text books

1. Reif F., Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics, McGraw Hill (1985).

Reference books

1. Pathria R.K., Statistical Mechanics, Butterworth-Heinemann (1996).

Subject Code	CS105	Subject Title	Program	Programming for Problem Solving						
LTP	304	Credit	5	Subject Category	GEC	Year	1 st	Semester	Ι	

COURSE SUMMARY

This course contains the fundamental concepts about the computer hardware and intends to provide to students about the knowledge of C language.

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of the course is to make the students to understand the key hardware components in a modern computer system and as to how the software is mapped to the hardware. The student shall also be able to learn make the computer programs using C language by exploring the various features of C.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. To formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- 2. To implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.
- 3. To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.
- 4. To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- 5. To apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.

Curriculum Content

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1: Introduction to Computer, Programming & algorithms

Introduction to components of a computer system (disks, memory, processor, where a program is stored and executed, operating system, compilers etc.)

Idea of Algorithm: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm: Flowchart/Pseudocode with examples, From algorithms to programs; source code, variables (with data types) variables and memory locations, Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code

UNIT 2: Arithmetic Expression, and Conditional statements, Loops, Expression:

Arithmetic, Logical, Relational expressions and precedence.

Loops & Branching: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching, Iteration and loops.

UNIT 3: Arrays & Functions

Arrays: Arrays (1-D, 2-D), Character arrays and Strings.

Functions: functions (including using built in libraries), Parameter passing in functions, call by value, passing arrays to functions: idea of call by reference.

Searching & Sorting: Searching, Basic Sorting Algorithms (Bubble, Insertion and Selection), Finding roots of equations, notion of order of complexity through example programs (no formal definition required)

UNIT 4: Recursion and Structure

Recursion: Recursion, as a different way of solving problems. Example programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series, Ackerman function etc.

Structure: Structures, Defining structures and Array of Structures.

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UNIT 5: Pointers & File handling

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Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, notion of linked list. File handling: different modes of opening a file in C, reading, writing from files.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Byron Gottfried, "Schaum's Outline of Programming with C", 2nd edition 2006 McGraw-Hill.

2.E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming in ANSI C", 8th Edition 2019, McGraw-Hill Eduaction India.

REFERENCES

1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd edition 1988, Prentice Hall of India.

TEACHING AND LEARNING STRATEGY

All materials (ppts, assignments, labs, etc.) will be uploaded in Moodle. Refer to your course in Moodle for details.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

S.NO.	EXPERIMENT NAME
1	Familiarization with programming environment.
2	Programming for Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions.
3	Programming for Problems involving if-then-else structures.
4	Programming for Iterative problems e.g., sum of series.
5	Programming for 1-D Array manipulation.
6	Programming for Matrix problems, String operations.
7	Programming for Simple functions
8	Programming for Recursive functions.
9	Programming for Pointers and structures.
10	Programming for File operations
11	Programming for solving Numerical methods problems

Subject Code	PY 616	Subject Title	Labora	Laboratory1 /Practical Course						
LTP	006	Credit	3	Subject Category	CC	Year	1 st	Semester	Ι	

Course Summary

This laboratory course covers the experiments based on semiconductor materials, magnetism, electron charge and mass ratio, characteristics of photocell, capacitance characteristics, dielectric properties and diode characteristics.

Course Objective

The course aims to develop experimental skills in students as well as analysis of different results.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no essential pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Determine physical characteristics of substances
- 2. Measure and analyze various types of transport phenomenon
- 3. Characterization of solid substances using their optical properties
- 4. To determine fundamental properties of matter using classical experiments
- 5. To classify matter based on their magnetic and dielectric properties

Curriculum Content

- 1. To determine the band gap of given semiconductor crystal using four probe method
- 2. Draw the BH loop of ferrite material and determine the remanance and coercive fields.
- 3. To determine the value of e/m i.e. specific charge for an electron by Helical Method.
- **4.** Frank hertz experiment
- 5. Measurement of thickness of thin wire with Laser
- 6. Study the input and output characteristics of a differential amplifier.
- 7. To study the characteristics of a Photovoltaic cell (p-n junction solar cell)
 - a. The illumination characteristics
 - b. The I-V characteristics
 - c. Power-load characteristics
 - d. Areal characteristics
 - e. Spectral characteristics
- 8. To find Flashing and Quenching voltage of Neon gas and determine the capacitance of a unknown capacitor.
- 9. To measure the dielectric constant of Liquid/ Glass/PZT.
- 10. To study the characteristics of Zener diode

Subject Code	PY637	Subject Title	Conde	Condensed Matter Physics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II	

Course Summary

The course covers Physics of crystalline solids, diffraction studies, lattice and phonon vibrations, thermal properties of solids, dielectric materials, magnetism and superconductivity.

Course Objective

To study the structure and some of the basic properties of the condensed phase of materials especially solids.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): Its desired that the student has studied solid state physics at undergraduate level

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Gain competence in understanding structures of solids obtained using XRD.
- 2. Understand the behavior of electrons in solids including the concept of energy bands and effect of the same on material properties.
- 3. Understand the basis of electrical, thermal, magnetic and dielectric properties of solids.
- 4. Gain theoretical understanding of superconductivity
- 5. Use quantum mechanics/statistics to understand transport properties in solids.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Crystalline- Non-crystalline Materials: Fundamental types of lattices-two and three dimensional lattice types, SC, BCC and FCC unit cells, Packing fractions, Miller indices, Reciprocal lattice vectors, Diffraction of x-rays by crystals, Diffraction conditions, Laue equations, Structure factor and Atomic form factors. Non-crystalline solids-diffraction pattern, Elementary idea of glass transition, Quasi crystals, Liquid crystals **10** L

UNIT 2

Lattice Dynamics: Harmonic and adiabatic approximations; Lattice vibrations of three dimensional crystals; Periodic boundary conditions; Normal modes. Quantization of lattice vibrations; Lattice heat capacity (Einstein and Debye theories) anharmonicity of thermal expansion. **8** L

UNIT 3

Electronic Energy Bands: Resume of free-electron model; Fermi energy; Fermi surface and electronic heat capacity, electrical and thermal conductivity, nearly free electron model; Periodic potential and Bloch theorem, extended and reduced zone scheme, tight binding model.

8 L

UNIT 4

Magnetism: Types of magnetism, Susceptibility, Permeability and their relation. Diamagnetism: Langevin Quantum theory of Diamagnetism. Paramagnetism: Quantum Theory, Paramagnetism of rare earth and iron group ions, Paramagnetism of conduction electrons. Ferromagnetism, Ferrimagnetism and Antiferromagnetic: Curie point, Ferromagnetic Domains and their origin. Ferrimagnetic Ordering, Curie Temperature and susceptibility. Antiferromagnetic ordering, Neel temperature and Susceptibility, Superconductivity, Meissner effect, heat capacity, isotope effect), Elementary BCS theory.

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UNIT 5

Dielectrics: Dielectric properties, Dielectric constant and loss, piezo, Pyro, Ferroelectric materials, Drude theory, DC conductivity, Hall effect and magneto-resistance. **6** L

Text books

- 1. Dekker A.J., Solid State Physics, Prentice Hall (1965).
- 2. Kittel C., Introduction to Solid State Physics, John Willey (2004).
- 3. Mayers H. P., Introduction to Solid State Physics, Taylor & Francis (1997).

Reference books

- 1. Kittel C., Introduction to Solid State Physics, John Willey (2004).
- 2. Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D., Solid State Physics, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd. (1976).
- 3. S.O. Pillai, Solid State Physics.

Subject Code	PY638	Subject Title	Quantum Mechanics-II						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II

Course Summary

The course starts the study of approximation methods, variational principle and scattering theory, all of which widely used in Quantum physics.

Course Objective

To apprise the students regarding the advanced concepts of quantum mechanics and its use in various situations pertaining to static and dynamic conditions.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): Student must have studied electricity and magnetism at undergraduate level

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course

- 1. The students will be able to use the approximation methods and variational approach to solve questions in quantum physics
- 2. The students will learn the principles of scattering theory and use these principles to explain time evolution in simple quantum systems.
- **3.** The students will be able to conduct angular momentum operation and summation for orbital angular momentum and spin.
- 4. Applications of various approximation methods in solving the Schrodinger equation
- 5. The students will be able to gain knowledge about relativistic quantum mechanics

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Approximate Methods: WKB approximation, WKB expansion, connecting formulas, variational principle and its application to Helium atom and hydrogen molecule.

UNIT 2

Scattering Theory: Scattering amplitude, differential and total cross-section, scattering by a central potential, method of partial waves, phase-shift analysis, optical theorem, scattering by a square well potential, integral equation, the Born approximation.

UNIT 3

Identical Particles: Indistinguishability, permutation symmetry, two-particle system; Helium atoms, simple idea of Hartee self-consistent field method, Hartee-Fock method.

UNIT 4

Relativistic Quantum Mechanics: Klein-Gordon equation and its applications, Dirac theory of electron, spin of the electron, solution of Dirac equation for free particles, hole (positron)-Dirac equation for Hydrogen atom.

Text books

- 1. David J. Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 2nd ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall (2004).
- 2. Schiff L. I., Quantum Mechanics, 3rd Ed, McGraw Hill Book Co.(1990).

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Reference books

- 1. Zettili N., Quantum Mechanics: Concepts and Applications, 2nd Ed, John Wiley (2009).
- 2. Bransden B. H. and Joachain C. J., Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed, Pearson Education(2000).

Subject Code	PY 619	Subject Title	Basic E	Basic Electronics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II

Course Summary

The course starts with the overview of different types of transistors, then it covers IC fabrication techniques, photoelectric effect based devices, and negative resistance devices.

Course Objective

To introduce concepts of circuit designs, characteristics of discrete components and provide an in-depth perspective of Digital Electronics to the students enrolled in the course.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): The student must have basic knowledge of semiconductors.

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Understand the characteristics of basic and advanced components for analogue circuit design
- 2. Gain exposure to Technologies used for fabrication of Integrated Circuits
- 3. Gain knowledge in using components to build basic and advanced logic circuits
- 4. Gain perspective of advanced semiconductor devices active and passive components used in control systems
- 5. Understand the usage of truth table to interpret logical circuits.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Transistors Bipolar junction Transistor (BJT) Transistor operating modes, Transistor action, Transistor biasing configurations and characteristics, Transistor ratings, The Ebers-Moll model, Field Effect Transistors: Junction Field Effect Transistor (JFET), Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET) FET Parameters.

UNIT 2

Integrated circuits and Their Fabrications Types of Integrated Circuits, Analog and Digital Integrated Circuits, Semiconductor Fabrication: Planar Technology, Fabrication of Monolithic, Integrated Circuits, Monolithic Passive and Active Circuit components, Typical IC Low Frequency Amplifier, New Technology Trends. 10 L

UNIT 3

Photoelectirc and other Electronic Devices Zener Diode, Power Diode, Photodiode, Varactor Diode, Light Emitting Diode (LED), Solar Cell, Transistor Register, Piezo-electric Crystals, Diode Lasers, Condition for Laser Action, Optical Gain, Memory Devices:Transistor Register, Random Access Memory, Read Only Memory. 10 L

UNIT 4

Negative Resistance Devices Tunnel Diode, Backward Diode, Unijunction Transistor, p-n-p-n devices, p-n-p-n characteristics Thyristor, Silicon Controlled switch, SCS Characteristics, L Addition four Layer Devices. Basic Circuit Principles for NR Switching Circuits: Monostable, Bi-stable and Astable Operations.

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Text books

- 1. Semiconductor Electronics by A.K.Sharma ,New Age International Publisher(1996)
- 2. Laser and Non-linear optics by B.B.Laud. ,Wiley Eastern Limited (1985)
- **3.** Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms by Jacob Millman and Herbert Taub , Mc Graw Hill Book Company (1965).

Reference books

- 1. Semiconductor Devices Physics and Technology by S.M. Sze, Wiley (1985).
- 2. Introduction to Semiconductor Devices by M.S. Tyagi, John Wiley & Sons .
- **3.** Measurement, Instrumentation and Experimental Design in Physics and Engineering by M.Sayer and A. Mansingh, Prentice Hall, India (2000) .
- 4. Optical electronics by Ajoy Ghatak and K. Thygarajan, Cambridge Univ. Press.

Subject Code	PY 626	Subject Title	Atomi	Atomic and Molecular Physics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II	

Course Summary

The course prepares the student for further studies in applied atomic and molecular spectroscopy, basic material physics and research in atomic and molecular physics.

Course Objective

The objective of the course is to have the students learn the theory applicable for various spectroscopy techniques that enables understanding of molecular structure and associated energy levels.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): The student must have studied elements of modern physics

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Gain understanding of the application of quantum mechanics to explain one and many electron atoms.
- 2. To gain insight related to fine structure of the spectral lines and the splitting of spectral lines in the presence of perturbing agents such as electric and magnetic fields
- 3. To be able to understand the physics behind the various kinds of spectrum of simple molecules.
- 4. To understand the principle and application of resonance spectroscopy.
- 5. Also learn the sources of aberration of experimental spectra with respect to the proposed models used for solving the Schrodinger's equation and incorporate the necessary corrections.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Atomic Spectroscopy: Hydrogen, Helium and Alkali spectra, Vector atom model of Hydrogen atom, Relativistic correction, Spin-orbit coupling, Hydrogen fine structure, Spectroscopic terms, LS coupling, Pauli exclusion principle, Interaction energy for LS coupling, Lande interval rule, jj coupling, interaction energy for jj coupling, Hyperfine structure. 14 L

UNIT 2

Atom in Magnetic and Electric Field: Zeeman effect, Magnetic moment of a bound electron, Magnetic interaction energy in weak field. Paschen-Back effect, Magnetic interaction energy in strong field, Stark effect, First order Stark effect in hydrogen. Quantum mechanical treatment of both the effects. 10 hr

UNIT 3

Molecular Spectroscopy: Rotational and vibrational spectra of diatomic molecule, Raman Spectra, Born-Oppenheimer approximation, Vibrational coarse structure, Franck-Condon principle, Rotational fine structure of electronic-vibration transitions, Electronic spectra. 12 L

UNIT 4

Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Electron spin resonance and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy.

Text books

1. Banwell C. N. and McCash E. M., Fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy, Tata McGraw Hill (1994).

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2. B.H. Bransden & C. J. Joachin Physics of Atoms and Molecules.2nd Edition Prentice Hall (2003)

Reference books

1. White H. E., Introduction to Atomic Spectra, McGraw Hill (1934).

Subject Code	PY639	Subject Title	Nuclear	Nuclear and Particle Physics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II	

Course Summary

The course starts with basic concepts of a nucleus and covers the phenomenology and experimental foundations of particle and nuclear physics including the fundamental forces and particles and composites.

Course Objective

To impart theoretical background of nuclear physics and nuclear models to understand the related reaction dynamics.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Gain competence in understanding the bound state of nucleus and properties of the proposed models
- 2. Understand the relevance of the various nuclear reaction mechanisms
- 3. Classification of the elementary particles based on their fundamental properties.
- 4. Decay mechanism of the various nuclei
- 5. Applicability of symmetry and parity in cases of subatomic particles.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Basic properties of nuclei, nuclear size determination from mesonic X-ray method and electron scattering method, nuclear form factors. Angular momentum, spin and moments of nuclei. General forms of two nucleon interaction; Nuclear global properties: the N-Z chart, nuclear masses, densities, radii, spin, parities, electric and magnetic moments, deuteron problem, general form of nucleon-nucleon force, Isospin formalism. **8** L

UNIT 2

Nuclear Models : Semi empirical (liquid drop) model, Fermi-gas model, nuclear shell model (with the harmonic oscillator potential), spin-orbit coupling and magic numbers, evidence of shell structure, the shell model, spin parity and magnetic moment in extreme single particle model, collective vibration of a spherical liquid drop. 10 L

UNIT 3

Introduction to nuclear reactions: Kinematics, conservation laws, angular distributions and cross sections, simple models of direct and compound reactions. Selections rules, Fermi's theory of beta decay, parity, violation of beta decay, Kurie plot Fermi and Gamow -Teller Transitions. Reaction cross section, compound nuclear reactions and direct reactions, Fermi theory of β -decay, concept of parity, helicity, non-conservation of parity in β -decay and its experimental verifications.

UNIT 4

Concept of elementary particles and their classification. Basic interactions in nature: Gravitational Electromagnetic, weak and strong, classification of elementary particles, Conservation of the different quantum numbers viz. baryon number strangeness etc. in particle physics. Concept of color and quark model. Concept of color and quark model. Deep inelastic scattering of lepton-hadron scattering: discovery of quarks and gluons. Conservation Laws for Elementary Particles Baryon, Lepton and Muon number, Strangeness and Hypercharge, Gelleman - Nishijima formula. Quark model, SU (2) and SU (3). SU(3) flavour symmetry and construction of meson octet, baryon octet & decuplet and calculation of magnetic moments using their wave functions. Symmetries Parities of subatomic particles, charge conjugation, Time reversal.

Text books

- 1. Kaplan Irving Nuclear Physics, Narosa Publishing House (2000).
- 2. Tayal D. C., Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publication home (2007).
- 3. Ghoshal S.N., Nuclear Physics, S.Chand, Jan (1994)

Reference books

- 1. Roy R.R. & Nigam B.P., Nuclear Physics, New Age International Ltd (2001).
- 2. Preston M. A. and Bhaduri R. K., Structure of Nucleus Addision-Welsey (2000)..
- 3. Pal, M.K., Theory of Nuclear Structure, East-West Press Delhi (1983).

Subject Code	PY 628	Subject Title	Physic	Physics lab II					
LTP	006	Credit	3	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II

Course Summary

The laboratory course covers the experiments based on optical fibre, semiconductors, transistors, amplifiers.

Course Objective

To teach the students properties of semiconductor by having the students perform hands on experiments supervised by a specialized instructor.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Gain competence in the basics of fibre optics
- 2. Gain exposure in measurement of various properties of semiconductors
- 3. Gain understanding of properties of BJT and FET
- 4. Gain experience in materials research lab for future research work
- 5. Gain exposure in advanced design and analysis of data obtained from electronic circuits.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Curriculum Content

- 1. To measure the numerical aperture (NA) of optical fiber.
- 2. The Hall coefficient for given semiconductor and study its field dependence
- **3.** To study the dielectric behavior of PZT ceramic by determining dielectric strength, dielectric constant and dielectric glasses.
- 4. To study the ESR spectrum
- **5.** To study the NMR spectrum
- 6. Gain characteristics of a double stage RC coupled BJT amplifier.
- 7. Drain, transfer characteristics of a JFET.
- 8. Static characteristics and 90° phase control of a Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR).
- 9. Electrical properties of thin film deposited through spin coating technique.
- **10.** To study MOSFET as output power amplifier.

Subject Code	PY708	Subject Title	Physics of	Physics of Semiconductor Devices						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	2nd	Semester	III	

Course Summary

The course covers detailed study of semiconductors, carrier transport in semiconductors, and transistors.

Course Objective

To develop amongst the students, the knowledge of semiconductor physics and the applications of basic devices, including p-n junctions, and FETs.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will have been able

- 1. To understand and problem solving of basic properties of semiconductors under thermal equilibrium.
- 2. To understand the behavior of semiconductor transport under excess carriers injection and problem solving.
- 3. To understand the physics of various junctions under equilibrium and non-equilibrium conditions.
- 4. To understand the physics of various semiconductor devices.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Semiconductors: Energy bands, direct and indirect semiconductors, charge carriers, mobility, drift of carriers in field, Diamond and Zinc-Blende structure, bonds and bands in semiconductors, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, law of mass action, Hall effect and cyclotron resonance in semiconductors. 12 L

UNIT 2

Optical Injection: Carrier life time, direct and indirect recombination of electron and holes, steady state carrier generation, diffusion and drift of carriers, the continuity equation, steady state carrier injection, The Haynes-Shockley experiment. 8 L

UNIT 3

Junctions: Metal-Semiconductor contact: under equilibrium, and non-equilibrium conditions, the junction diode theory, tunnel diode, photodiode, LED, solar cell, Hetro-junctions and Laser diode. 10 L

UNIT 4

Bipolar Junction Transistors: Charge transport and amplification, minority carrier distribution and terminal currents switching behavior in bipolar transistor. 4 L

UNIT 5

FET and MOSFET: Ideal MOS capacitor, effect of work function and interface charge on threshold voltage. **Gunn Diode:** Transferred electron mechanism and drift of space charge. 8 L

Text books

- 1. Semiconductor Physics and Devices, D. A Neamen & Dhrubes Biswas, Mc Graw Hill Education.
- 2. Semiconductor Devices Physics and Technology, by SM Sze Wiley (1985).

Reference books

- 1. The Physics of semiconductor Devices by D.A. Eraser, Oxford Physics Series (1986)
- 2. Solid state electronics devices, B. Streetman, PHI, VI edition.
- **3.** Measurement, Instrumentation and Experimental Design in Physics and Engineering by M. Sayer and A. Mansingh, Prentice Hall, India (2000).

Subject Code	PY 707	Subject Title	Analog Electronics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	2 nd	Semester	III

Course Summary

The course covers photoelectric effect detectors, fundamentals of modulation, amplifiers, AC/DC coverters, Schmitt trigger, pulse generators.

Course Objective:

To develop amongst the students, the theoretical and application concepts of basic analogue electronics.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): The student must have studied analog system and applications

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Gain understanding of the working principle of components for converting optical signals to electronic signals.
- 2. Be competent in concepts of various types of modulation for signal transmission
- 3. Gain insight in characteristics and applicability of various kinds of amplifier circuits.
- 4. Gain competence in the understanding of the circuitry of elementary and advanced filters
- 5. Learn the use of op-amps for developing convertor, comparator, differentiator circuits

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

External Photoelectric Effect detector: Vacuum photodiode, photo-multipliers, microchannels, Internal Photoelectric Effect detectors: pn junction photodiode, solar cell (open circuit voltage, short circuit current, fill factor), pin photodiode, avalanche photodiode, phototransistor, Light emitting diode. 10 L

UNIT 2

Fundamentals of modulation, Frequency spectra in AM modulation, power in AM modulated class C amplifier, Efficiency modulation, linear demodulation of AM waves, frequency conversion, SSB system, Balanced modulation, filtering the signal for SSB, phase shift method, product detector, Pulse modulation: PAM, PTM, PWM, PPM, PCM (in brief) 10 L

UNIT 3

Differential amplifier, CMRR, circuit configuration, emitter coupled supplied with constant current, transfer characteristics, block diagram of Op. Amp. Off-set currents and voltages, PSRR, Slew rate, universal balancing techniques, Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, basic applications- summing, scaling, current to voltage and voltage to current signal conversion, differential dc amplifier, voltage follower, bridge amplifier, AC-coupled amplifier.

UNIT 4

Integration, differentiation, analog computation, Butterworth active filter circuits, logarithmic amplifier, antilogarithmic amplifier, sample and hold circuits, digital to analog conversion – ladder and weighted resistor types, analog to digital conversion- counter type, AC/DC converters, comparators, regenerative comparator (Schemitt trigger), Square wave generator, pulse generator, triangle wave generator. **10** L

Text books

- 1. Solid State Electronic Devices by Ben G. Streetman ((Parentice Hall of India)
- 2. Semiconductor Optoelectronic devices by Pallab Bhattacharya (Parentice Hall of India)

Reference books

- 1. Integrated Electronics by J. Millman and C.C.Halkias (Tata-McGraw Hill)
- 2. Fundamental of Electronics by J.D.Ryder (Prentice Hall Publication).
- **3.** Electronics communication Systems by George Kennedy and Bernard George (McGraw Hill). Linear Integrated Circuits by D.Roy Choudhury and Shail Jain (Wiley Eastern Ltd)

Subject Code	PY719	Subject Title	Electr	odynamics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	1st	Semester	II

Course Summary

The course starts with an overview of electrostatic and magnetostatic boundary value problems, it covers the explained study of time varying fields and Maxwell equations, behavior of electromagnetic waves in different media.

Course Objective

To apprise the students regarding the advanced concepts of electrodynamics and its use in various situations pertaining to static and dynamic conditions.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): Student must have studied electricity and magnetism at undergraduate level

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Solve complex problems of electrostatics
- 2. Gain competence in understanding the connection between time-varying fields and Maxwell equations.
- 3. Understand basic and complex aspects of electromagnetic waves including propagation.
- 4. To gain perspective on radiation from localized time varying sources, and the charged particle dynamics
- 5. Gain ideas relevant in pursuing research in areas of advanced experimental and theoretical physics.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Boundary Value Problems: Uniqueness Theorem, Dirichlet or Neumann Boundary conditions, Green's Theorem, Formal solution of Electrostatic & Magnetostatic Boundary value problem, Method of images with examples.

UNIT 2

Time Varying Fields and Maxwell Equations: Faraday's Law of induction, Displacement current, Maxwell equations, scalar and vector potentials, Gauge transformation, Lorentz and Coulomb gauges, Hertz potential, General Expression for the electromagnetic fields energy, Conservation of energy, Poynting's Theorem, Conservation of momentum. 10 L

UNIT 3

Electromagnetic Waves: Wave equation, Plane waves in free space and isotropic dielectrics, Polarization, Energy transmitted by a plane wave, Waves in conducting media, Skin depth. Reflection and Refraction of electromagnetic waves at plane interface, Fresnel's amplitude relations. Reflection and transmission coefficients, Polarization by reflection. Brewster's angle, Total internal reflection, EM wave guides, TE, TM and TEM waves, Rectangular wave guides. Energy flow and attenuation in wave guides, Cavity resonators.

UNIT 4

Dipole radiation: Retarded potential, electric and magnetic dipole radiation, radiation from an arbitrary distribution of charges and currents, radiation from a point charge. Lienard-Wiechert Potential, The fields of a point charge in motion, Power radiated by a point charge. 10 L

Text books

- 1. Jackson J.D., Classical Electrodynamics, Wiley Eastern (1999)
- 2. Suri S.P., Classical Electrodynamics, Tata McGraw Hill (1999).

Reference books

- 1. Jordan E. C. and Balmain K. G., Electromagnetic Wave and radiating systems, Prentice Hall India Ltd. (1997).
- 2. Griffiths D.J., Introduction to Electrodynamics, Prentice Hall (1998).

10 L

10 L

Subject Code	PY 746	Subject Title	Physic	es of Lasers a	and Application	S			
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2	Semester	III

Course Summary

The course covers the study of LASER characteristics, pumping processes, different types of lasers and photoelectric effect.

Course Objective

The course aims at imparting knowledge about Lasers and their applications

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will gain understanding of

- 1. Different types of emission and basic requirements of laser systems
- 2. Techniques for effective laser emission
- 3. Various types of lasers gaseous, dye and solid-state lasers
- 4. Advanced photoelectric effects
- 5. Application of laser in modern technology systems

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Laser characteristics: Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission, Absorption, Laser Idea, Pumping Schemes, Properties of Laser Beams: Monochromativity, Coherence, Directionality, Brightness, Radiation Trapping Superradiance, Superfluorescence, Amplified Spontaneous Emission, Non-radiative delay.

10 L

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UNIT 2

Pumping process: Optical pumping and pumping efficiency, Electrical pumping and pumping efficiency. Passive Optical Resonators, Rate Equations, Four-level Laser, Three-level Laser, Methods of Q-switching : Electro optical shutter, mechanical shutter, Acousto - optic Q-switches, Mode locking.

UNIT 3

Ruby Laser, Nd-Yag Laser, N2 Laser, Dye-Laser, Semiconductor Laser.

UNIT 4

Multiphoton photo-electric effects, Two-photon, Three-photon and Multiphoton Processes Raman Scattering, Stimulated Raman Effect. Introduction to Applications of Lasers : Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Medicine, Material working , optical communication, Thermonuclear Fusion, Holography, Military etc. 10 L

Text books

- 1. Letekhov : Non-Linear Spectroscopy
- 2. Principles of Lasers by Svelto
- 3. Lasers and Non-linear Optics by B.B. Laud

Reference books

- 1. Introduction to Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy by V.K.Jain
- 2. Svelto : Lasers
- 3. Yariv Optical Electronics
- 4. Demtroder: Laser Spectroscopy

Subject Code	PY 747	Subject Title	Science	ce and Techno	ology of Rene	wable En	Science and Technology of Renewable Energy Sources					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2nd	Semester	III			

Course Summary

The course gives the students an idea of natural energy resources and how they can be utilized for energy demand in near future

Course Objective

The course aims at imparting knowledge about renewable energy. Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no prerequisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will gain understanding of

- 1. The knowledge of various sources of energy
- 2. Use of Hydrogen fuels
- 3. Various types of solar cells used, efficiency and mechanism of fuels
- 4. Light absorption by semiconductors
- 5. Using non-solar but novel methods of exploiting natural sources of energy such as wind and ocean.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Solar Cells 1. Elements of solar cells operation, semiconductors, light absorption and carrier generation, carrier recombination, pn junction, short circuit current, efficiency, factors affecting the conversion efficiency, Bandgap Energy, Temperature, Recombination Life Time, Light Intensity, Doping Density, Surface Recombination Velocities, Series Resistance.

UNIT 2

Solar Cells 2. Thin film and other unconventional cell materials, Copper Indium Selenide/Cadium Sulphide solar Cells, Indium Phosphide Solar Cells, Tin Oxide and Indium Tin Oxide, Polymer-semiconductor Schottky Barrier Cells, Organic Solar Cells, Loss Mechanisms, Multiple Cell system : spectrum splitting and cascade cells, thermocouple voltaic system, photo electrolytic cell, satellite power system. **10** L

UNIT 3

Hydrogen Energy, Production and Utilizaztion Relevance in relation to depletion of fossile fuels and environmental considerations, solar Hydrogen Energy system, Solar Hydrogen production, direct thermal, thermochemical, electrolytic, photolytic, use of Hydrogen as a fuel, Use in vehicular transport, hydrogen for electricity generation, Fuel cells and other uses. **10** L

UNIT 4

Other Renewable Clean Energies Elements of Solar thermal energy, Wind energy and Ocean thermal energy conversion. 10 L

Text books

- 1. Hydrogen as an Energy Carrier -Technologies, Systems Economy by Winter and Nitch (Eds)
- 2. Fundamentals of Solar Cells Photovoltaic Solar Energy by Fahrenbruch and Bube

Reference books

- 1. Solar Cells by Chenming kHu and R.M. White (McGraw Hill 1983)
- 2. Solar Energy Engineering ed by A.A.A. Sayigh (Academic Press)

10 L

Subject Code	PY 748	Subject Title	Micro	processor and	d Application				
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2nd	Semester	III

Course Summary

The course covers basics of microprocessor and its architecture, programming of microprocessor, memory interface and interrupts.

Course Objective

The course aims at imparting knowledge about microprocessor and applications

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no essential pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will gain understanding of

- 1. Microprocessor and peripheral devices
- 2. Operating and Designing of microprocessors
- 3. Interfacing microprocessors with circuits
- 4. Programming with microprocessors directly
- 5. Various types of microprocessors.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Microprocessors and Architecture: Internal Microprocessor Architecture, Real mode and protected modes of memory addressing, memory paging. Addressing modes: Data addressing modes. Program memory addressing modes, Stack memory addressing modes. Instruction Set: Data movement instructions, Arithmetic and Logic instructions, Program control instructions. Assembler details. 10 L

UNIT 2

Programming the Microprocessor: Modular programming, using the keyboard and video display, Data conversions, Disk files, Example programms. Hardware Specifications : Pin outs and the Pin functions, clock generator (8284A), Bus buffering and Latching, Bus timing. Ready and wait state, Minimum mode versus maximum mode. 10 L

UNIT 3

Memory interface, Memory devices, Addresses decoding, 8088 and 80188 (8-bit) memory interface, 8086, 80186, 80286 and 80386 (16-bit) memory interface, 80386 DX and 80486 (32- bit) memory interface, Dynamic RAM. Basic I/O Interface : Introduction to I/O interface, I/O port address decoding 8255, 8279, 8254, 16550, ADC and DAC (excluding multiplexed display & keyboard display using 8255) **10** L

UNIT 4

Interrupts : Basic interrupt processing, Hardware interrupts. Expanding the interrupt structure, 8259A PIC. Direct Memory Access : Basic DMA operation, 8237 DMA controller, Shared Bus operation, Disk memory systems, Video displays 10 L

Text book

- 1. Douglas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware", second edition, McGraw Hill International Edition, 1992.
- **2.** Muhammad Ali Maxidi and Janice Gillispie Mazidi, "The 80x86 IBM and Compatible Computers (Volumes I & II). Second edition, Prentice Hall, International

Reference books

- 1. Barry B.Brey, "The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286, 80386, 80486,
- 2. Pentium and Pentium Pro processor architecture, programming and interfacing "Fourth Edition, PHI, 1999.

Subject Code	PY749	Subject Title	Measu	arement Tech	niques in Physi	ics			
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	2 nd	Semester	III

Course Summary

The course covers basics of measurement, sensors and transducers, Dc and AC measurements, signal conditioning and noise.

Course Objective

To have the students gain insight in measurement techniques which would enable them understand instrumentation.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

The students will be able to gain competence in:

- 1. Statistical interpretation of data
- 2. Sensors and Transducers to be used for measuring signals for interpreting physical quantities
- 3. Various measurement techniques related to electrical components and signal
- 4. Analysis of signals and noise
- 5. Analogue circuits for use in signals and control systems.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Data Interpretation and Analysis: Precision and accuracy, Errors in measurements: Statistical and systematic, Error analysis, Propagation of errors. Frequency distributions, Probability distributions: mean and variance, Probability densities: Normal distribution, Log-Normal distributions. 10 L

UNIT 2

Transducers: Sensors and Transducers: Temperature, Pressure, Vibration, Magnetic Field, Force and Torque, Optical.

UNIT 3

Measurements: Resistance: DC Measurements: Wheatstone Bridge, The Kelvin Bridge, Potentiometers, AC Measurements: Inductor and capacitor equivalent circuits, AC operation of a Wheatstone bridge, Capacitance Measurement: The resistance ratio bridge, The De Sauty Bridge, Wein Bridge. Inductance Measurement: The Maxwell Bridge, Parallel Inductance bridge, Anderson bridge. Voltage Measurement: AC and DC, Current Measurement: AC and DC. Resistivity Measurement: 2-probe, 4-probe and Van-der-Paw measurements 10 L

UNIT 4

Signal Conditioning and Noise: Signal Conditioning, Analog signal conditioning: Operational amplifiers, Instrumentational amplifiers, precision absolute value circuits, True RMS to DC converters. Phase sensitive detection: Lock in amplifier, Box-car integrator, Spectrum analyzer. Noise in Circuits: Probability Density Functions, The Power Density Spectrum, Sources of noise, Noise limited resolution of Op-amp, minimum resolvable DC current, Coherent interference and its sources, Ground loops and their prevention. Introduction to Digital signal conditioning. The Fast Fourier Transformer, Sampling time and Aliasing, Voltage and Current sources.

10 L

Text books

- 1. Johnson Richard A., Probability and Statistics for Engineers, Pearson Education Asia (2000).
- 2. Horowitz P. and Hill W., The Art of Electronics, Cambridge University Press(2002).
- **3.** Helfrick, A.D., Cooper, W.D., Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, PHI(2003).

Reference books

- 1. Sayer, M., Mansingh, A., Measurement, Instrumentation and Experiment Design in Physics and Engineering, PHI (2000)
- 2. Northop Robert B., Introduction to Instrumentation and Measurements, CRC, Taylor and Frances (2005).
- 3. Murthy D.V.S., Transducers and instrumentation, PHI (1995).

Subject Code	PY 716	Subject Title	Physi	ics Lab III					
LTP	006	Credit	3	Subject Category	CC	Year	2 nd	Semester	III

Course Summary

The laboratory course covers the experiments based on digital electronics and nuclear physics also.

Course Objective:

To get hands on experience in electronics

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will be acquiring foundation in

- 1. Handling instrumentation techniques associated with nuclear physics
- 2. Get hands on experience with advanced logical circuits
- 3. the calibration techniques for nuclear experiments
- 4. modulation and demodulation techniques
- 5. basic and advanced amplifier circuits.

Curriculum Content

- **1.** To study time resolution of a gamma-ray coincidence set-up. Energy resolution and calibration of a gamma-ray spectrometer using multi-channel analyzer.
- 2. Time resolution and calibration of a coincidence set-up using a multi- channel analyzer.
- 3. Calibration of a beta-ray spectrometer. π -µevents in nuclear emulsion. Absorption coefficient of Al, Fe and Pb for gamma-rays using scintillation counter.
- 4. To study the switching characteristics of a transistor (NPN & PNP).
- 5. Digital I: Basic logic gates, TTL, NAND and NOR.
- 6. Digital II: Combinational Logic.
- 7. Flip Flops.
- **8.** Operational amplifier (741)
- 9. Study of frequency modulation and demodulation
- 10. Study of pulse amplitude modulation & demodulation model-C019
- 11. Feedback amplifier
- **12.** To study the frequency response of wo stage.
 - a) Transformer coupled amplifier
 - **b**) Choke coupled amplifier

Subject Code	PY727	Subject Title	Digita	1 Electronics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	2nd	Semester	4

Course Summary

This course provides an in depth study of the principles and applications of digital systems. The course covers the basic building blocks of digital systems and the process of building a digital design project and testing it. The laboratory exercises are designed to complement the theory of digital circuits

Course Objective

To provide theoretical knowledge and develop practical skills in digital systems and logic systems.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no essential pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will be acquiring foundation in

- 1. logical circuits, systems and microprocessor.
- 2. designing operating systems
- 3. solving problems in digital electronics including various number systems
- 4. fundamentals of MOSFET circuitry
- 5. combinational and sequential logic

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

NUMBER SYSTEMS Binary numbers, Octal numbers, Hexadecimal numbers, Inter-conversions of numbers. Binary addition, subtraction, multiplication, signed numbers, 1's complement, 2's complement, 2's complement subtraction, Hexadecimal addition, subtraction, BCD code, Gray code, conversion from binary to Gray code and Gray code to binary code. **10** L

UNIT 2

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS Positive and negative logic designations, OR gate, AND gate, NOT gate, NAND gate, NOR gate, XOR gate, Circuits and Boolean identities associated with gates, Boolean algebra DeMorgans Laws, Sum of products and product of sums expressions, Minterm, Maxterm, deriving SOP and POS expressions from truth tables. **10** L

UNIT 3

COMBINATIONAL AND SEQUENTIAL LOGIC Binary adders, half adders, full adders, decoders, multiplexer, demultiplexer, encoders, ROM and applications, Digital comparator, Parity checker and generator, Flip-Flops- RS, JK, master slave JK, T-type and D-type flip flops, Shift-register and applications, Asynchronous counters and applications. **10** L

UNIT 4

MOS TECHNOLOGY AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS Metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistors, enhancement mode transistor, depletion mode transistor, p-channel and n-channel devices, MOS invertors- static inverter, dynamic inverter, two phase inverter, MOS NAND gates, NOR gates, complementary MOSFET technology, CMOS inverter, CMOS NOR gates and NAND gates, MOS shift register and RAM **10** L

Text books

1. Digital logic by J. M. Yarbrough (Thomson Publication)

Reference books

- 1. Integrated Electronics by J. Millman and C.C. Halkias (Tata McGraw Hill)
- 2. Digital Electronics by William Gothmann (Parentice Hall of India)

Subject Code	PY 728	Subject Title	Nano	Electronics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	CC	Year	2	Semester	IV

Course Summary

The course covers physics of materials at low dimension, quantum confinement, synthesis and characterization of nanomaterials, nanocomposites, nano and biophotonics, and nanomedicine.

Course Objective

To provide theoretical knowledge of different concepts of nano scale and electronics properties of materials

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will have

- **1.** basic knowledge of nano-scale electronics
- 2. knowledge of application of nano-materials in areas of electronics, sensing and medicines
- 3. fundamental ideas of characterization of nano-material
- 4. idea of the physics to be applied to nano-level material
- 5. idea of fabrication of nano composites.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Physics of low dimensions: Free electron theory (qualitative idea) and its features, Idea of band structure, Metals, insulators and semiconductors, Density of states in bands, Variation of density of states with energy, Variation of density of states and band gap with size of crystal. Electron confinement in infinitely deep square well, confinement in two and one dimensional well, Idea of quantum well structure, Quantum dots, Quantum wires.

10 L

UNIT 2

Growth and characterization of Nanomaterials: Growth Methods for Nanomaterials, Epitaxial Growth, Laser-Assisted Vapor Deposition (LAVD) nanochemistry, characterization of Nanomaterials, X-ray Characterization, Determination of particle size, Increase in width of XRD peaks of nanoparticles, Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Scanning Probe Microscopy (SPM). Shift in photoluminescence peaks, Variations in Raman spectra of nanomaterials. **10** L

UNIT 3

Nanocomposites and industrial nanophotonics: Nano composites as photonic media, nanocomposites waveguides, Random lasers: Laser paints, Local field Enhancement, Multiphasic nanocomposites, nanocomposites for optoelectronics. Nanolithography, nanoparticle coatings, Sunscreen nanoparticles, Self-cleaning Glass Fluorescent Quantum Dots, Nanobarcodes. 10 L

UNIT 4

Bio Nanophotonics and nanomedicine: Bioderived materials, bioinspired materials, biotemplates, bacteria as biosynthesizers, Near-field Bioimaging, nanoparticles for optical diagnostics and Targeted therapy, semiconductor quantum dots for bioimaging.Biosensing, Nanoclinics for optical diagnostics and targeted therapy, Nanoclinic Gene Delivery nanoclinics for Photodynamic therapy. **10** L

Text book

1. Physics of Semiconductors nano structures by K.P. Jain, Narosa 1997

Reference books

- 1. Nanophotonics-PN Prasad, Wiley Interscience (2003)
- 2. Biophotonics-PN Prasad, Wiley Publications (2004)

Subject Code	PY 758	Subject Title	Optoe	lectronics					
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2nd	Semester	IV

Course Summary

The course covers the basic knowledge of semiconductors and explains the physics behind optoelectronic devices, modulation of light and display devices.

Course Objective

To provide insight and develop in the students the background required for understanding discrete components necessary for fibre optic communication.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): no pre-requisite

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will

- 1. Gain competence in photometry such as display and CIE certified chromaticity diagrams
- 2. Able to have gained foundation of selecting appropriate LED based light sources
- 3. Have clear background of electro-optic effects
- 4. Gain understanding of working principles of LCD panels
- 5. Have gained insight about modern day applications of optics in instrumentation.

Curriculum Content

UNIT 1

Nature of light, light sources, black body, colour temperature, units of light, radio metric and photometric units, basis semiconductors, effect of pressure and temperature on band gap, PN junction, carrier recombination and diffusion, injection efficiency, heterojunction, internal quantum efficiency, external quantum efficiency, double hetero junction, fabrication of heterojunction, quantum wells and super lattices. 10 L

UNIT 2

Opto electronics devices, optical modulators, modulation methods and modulators, transmitters, optical transmitter circuits, LED and laser drive circuits, LED-Power and efficiency, double heterostructure LED, LED structures, LED characteristics, Laser modes, strip geometry, gain guided lasers, index guided lasers. **10** L

UNIT 3

Modulation of light, birefringence, electrooptic effect, EO materials, Kerr modulators, scanning and switching, selfelectro optic devices, MO devices, AO modulators. **10** L

UNIT 4

Display devices, Photoluminescence, cathode luminescence, EL display, LED display, Drive circuitary, plasma panel display, liquid crystals, properties, LCD display, numeric displays.

Photo detectors, thermal detectors, photoconductors, detectors, photon devices, PMT, photodiodes, photo transistors, noise characteristics of photo-detectors, PIN diode, APD characteristics, APD design of detector arrays, Solar cells-I-V characteristics and spectral response. Materials and design considerations of solar cells.

10 L

Text books

- 1. Semiconductor optoelectronic devices- P Bhattacharya (Prentice Hall of India, 1995).
- 2. Fibre Optics and Opto-electronics, RP Khare (Oxford University Press, 2004).

Reference books

- 1. Opto electronics- An introduction- J Wilson and JFB J iS Hawkers.
- 2. Optical fibre communication- JM Senior (Prentice Hall India 1985).
- 3. Optical fibre communication systems- J Gowar (Prentice Hall India 1995).

Subject Code	PY759	Subject Title	Advance	ed Electroni	CS				
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2 nd	Semester	IV

Course Objective

To enhance understanding of the generation, propagation, reception and detection of electromagnetic waves in free space and optical signals in guided media relating to fiber optic communication. Analyze the contribution of inherent noise produced by components, devices and circuits commonly used in instrumentation/communication systems and learn the effective methods of noise reduction.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): None

Course Outcomes

After the end of this course, student shall be able to

- 1. learn the basic concepts involved with analog to digital conversion of signals.
- 2. understand the coding techniques.
- **3.** learn basic mathematical tools/techniques used for processing of digital signals, signal transmission and high-speed data transfer in modern day communication systems and networks.

Curriculum Content

Unit I

Communication: EM wave propagation: transmission lines, coaxial cable, waveguide, optical fiber and free space. Propagation of ground wave, space wave and Sky wave. Characteristic impedance, reflection coefficient, Standing wave ratio (microwave components) and measurement of impedance in various media. Fiber optic and wireless communication.

Unit II

Antennas : Linear dipole antennas, Antenna array techniques, Systems and characterization antenna matching and basic antenna types.

Unit III

Digital Signal Processing (DSP): Converting analog to digital signals and vice versa. Time-domain and frequencydomain representation of discrete time signals. Finite and infinite impulse response and digital filter design. Correlation, autocorrelation and cross-correlation of periodic and aperiodic functions.

Unit V

(6 lectures)

Noise: Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) and enhancement of SNR in instrumentation and communication. Noise reduction in electronic circuits. Principles of phase locking and lock-in amplifier, Sample and hold circuits.

Text book

1. Digital Signal Processing, J. G. Proakis and D. G. Manolakis (4th Ed., Pearson, 2007).

Reference books

- 1. Electronic Communication, D. Roddy and J. Coolen (4th Ed., Pearson, 1995)
- 2. Measurement, Instrumentation and Experimental Design in Physics and Engineering,
- 3. M.Sayer and A. Mansingh (PHI Learning, 2000)
- 4. Discrete Time Signal Processing, A.V. Oppenheim and R. W. Schafer (2nd Ed., Pearson, 2006)Electronic Communication systems, W. Tomasi (5th Ed., Peason, 2008)

Subject	DV766	Subject	Electronics Instrumentation
Code	11/00	Title	Electronics instrumentation

Approved by the Academic Council in its 22nd Meeting held on 06.03.2023

(12 lectures)

(6 lectures)

(16 lectures)

LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2 nd	Semester	IV
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Course Objective

To enhance the understanding of basic design principles and constructional details of specialized semiconductor devices used for high frequency applications in modern communication networks and systems. To understand the use of semiconducting devices for diverse applications acting as signal/light sources, detection of signals and transduction of analog signals used in day to day electronics.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): None

Course Outcomes

After the end of this course, student shall be able to

- 1. have enhanced awareness of the constant evolution in the physics of semiconductor devices and materials.
- **2.** basic device design along-with the standard technological procedures adapted in the semiconductor industry for IC manufacturing and mass production of semiconductor devices.

Curriculum Content

Unit I

(12 lectures)

Microwave Devices: Vacuum tube devices: Reflex klystron and magnetron. Transfer electron devices: Tunnel and Gunn diode, Avalanche Transit time devices (Read, IMPATT diodes, parametric devices).

Unit II

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: Basic Principle, CRT features, Block diagram of Conventional CRO, Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference.

Unit III

Other Devices: Piezoelectric sensors and actuators, Transducers (temperature, pressure, vacuum, magnetic field, vibration, particle detector). OLED, solid state battery and LCD.

Unit IV

IC fabrication technology: MOSFET fabrication process. Substrate, dielectric, conducting and resistive layers. Lithography. Diffusion of impurities and deposition techniques.

Text book

1. Physics of Semiconductor Devices, S. M. Sze and K. K. Ng (3rd Ed., Wiley, 2008).

Reference books

- 1. Semiconductor devices Physics and Technology, S. M. Sze (2nd Ed., Wiley, 2008)
- 2. Microwave Devices and Circuits, S. Y. Liao (3rd Ed., Pearson, 2003)
- 3. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, W. D. Cooper and A.
- 4. D.Helfrick (2nd Ed., Phi Learning, 2008)

(8 lectures)

(10 lectures)

(10 lectures)

Subject Code	PY767	Subject Title	Photonics						
LTP	400	Credit	4	Subject Category	DSE	Year	2 nd	Semester	IV

Course Objective:

To enhance the understanding in the field of photonics. The course will have basic understanding of optical fibers, various photonic devices, bio-photonics and nano-photonics.

Course Pre/Co- requisite (if any): None

Course Outcomes

After the end of this course, student shall be able to

- 1. have basic understanding of optical fiber and communications.
- 2. understand about various photonic devices.
- 3. learn about bio-photonics.
- 4. study about nano-photonics.

Curriculum Content

Unit I

Optical Fibers: Introduction, General system, advantages, disadvantages, and applications of optical fiber communication, optical fiber waveguides, Optical Fiber: fiber materials, photonic crystal, fiber optic cables specialty, Fiber optic communications -Attenuation, absorption, scattering losses, bending loss, dispersion, Intra modal dispersion, Intermodal dispersion Applications of optical fiber - Fiber optic communications.

Unit II

Photonic Devices: Radiative transition and optical absorption, LED, semiconductor lasers, heterostructure and quantum well devices, charge-coupled devices, photodetector, Schottky barrier and p-i-n photodiode, avalanche photodiode, photomultiplier tubes, Solar cells.

Unit III

Bio-Photonics: Photobiology; Photo-process in Biopolymers-human eye and vision, Photosynthesis; Photoexcitation free space propagation, optical fiber delivery system. Florescence and energy transfer sensing, molecular beacons and optical geometries of bio-sensing, Biosensors based on fiber optics.

Unit IV

Nano-Photonics: Quantum-Confined Materials; Quantum Wells, Quantum Wires, Quantum Dots, Quantum Rings. Optical Properties, Quantum-Confined Stark Effect, Dielectric Confinement Effect, Single-Molecule Spectroscopy, Quantum-Confined Structures as Lasing Media, Metallic nanostructures and their applications. Growth Methods for Nanomaterials, Epitaxial Growth. Photonic Crystals: Basics Concepts, Bandgap and band structures in two and three-dimensional lattices. Periodic structures in nature, Experimental methods of fabrication, Photonic Crystal Optical Circuitry, Photonic Crystal Fibers (PCF).

Text book [TB]:

1. Semiconductor devices Physics and Technology, S. M. Sze (2nd Ed., Wiley, 2008).

Reference books [RB]:

- ▶ 1. Biomedical Photonics A handbook T.Vo Dinh (CRC Press) (2002).
 - 2. Introduction to Nanophotonics Sergey V. Gaponenko, Cambridge University Press (2010).
 - 3. Optical Fibre communication systems J. Gowar, Prentice Hall India (1995).

(10 lectures)

(10 lectures)

(10 lectures)

(10 lectures)